

The North Platte Semi-Weekly Tribune.

VOL. XI.

NORTH PLATTE, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 1, 1895.

NO. 9.

New Goods! New Goods! Just Arrived at the BOSTON STORE.

This Spring line of Goods was bought at hard times prices, and will be sold accordingly.
A CYCLONE IN BARGAINS WILL SWEEP THE TOWN.

Dry Goods Dept.

American Shirting prints 3 1/2 cents per yard.
German Blue print at 5 cts.
Simpson's prints in all colors, 6 1/2 cts.
Amoskeag Gingham 4 1/2 cts.
Unbleached Muslin 1 yd. wide, 4 1/2 cts.
Lonsdale Bleached, 5 1/2 cts.
Henrietta wool finish broadcloth at 22 1/2 cts.
Plain black Satines, silk finish, 18 cts.
Figured Satines, all colors, silk finish, at 18 cts.
Figured Satines, in all colors, 12 1/2 cts.
Sultana Suitings, in all colors, 12 1/2 cts.
Feather Ticking 16 cents.
All wool 36-inch wide Ladies' Cloth at 32 1/2 cts.

Laces and Embroidery.

We have just received thousands of yards in this line—the newest and the latest patterns. Hamburgs, in all colors such as white, red, navy blue, peacock blue, pink and brown, going from 2 cents per yard and up.

Hosiery! Hosiery!

One hundred dozen ladies' hose at 7 cents per pair.
Fifty dozen ladies' fast black seamless hose at 15 cents per pair.
Fifty dozen ladies' fast black hose, regular made, extra high spliced heel and sole, at 25 cents per pair.
Fifty dozen children's black ribbed hose, fast black seamless, in all sizes, at 15 cents per pair.
Twenty-five dozen boys' bicycle hose extra heavy, sizes from 5 to 9 1/2 at 20 cents per pair.
One hundred dozen children's black

hose, ribbed or plain, in all sizes, at 8 cents per pair.
Fifty dozen gentle extra heavy British seamless hose at 8 cents per pair.
We carry a full line in ladies' misses' and children's tan and light balbriggan andisle hose.

Corsets.

Dr. Warner's, in all sizes, at 85 cents.
Dr. Ball's, at 85 cents.
Jackson's corset waists at 85 cents.
No. 501 extra long waists, all sizes at 45 cents.
No. 45, at 35 cents.

All our woolen goods at 50 cents on the dollar.

Shoe Department.

We are right in it.
One hundred pairs of ladies' fine Dongola shoes, patent tips, at \$1.25 per pair.
One hundred pair ladies' genuine calfskin, at \$1.30.
One hundred pair ladies' Gondola, Padan Bros. make, \$1.75.
One hundred pair of misses' cloth top button shoes, heel or spring heel, sizes from 12 to 2, Padan Bros. make, \$1.60.
Fifty pair of children's oil grain, sizes from 12 to 2, 70 cents.
Fifty pair of children's oil grain, sizes 13 to 2, 75 cents.
Men's boots, \$1.10.
Men's genuine calf skin boots, \$2.35.
Men's fine shoes in lace or congress, at \$1.25.
Men's oil grain congress shoes, 95 cts.
Boys' shoes from 12 to 2, in buttons, 90 cents.
Ladies' rubbers, 28 cents.
Children's rubbers, 22 cents.
We carry a full line of children's and infants' shoes and moccasins.

We will commence this sale at once. We must reduce our stock before we go east, in order to have more room for new goods.

Parties within a distance of fifty miles coming by rail will be paid the fare for return trip on buying Fifteen dollars worth or more at our store.

The Boston Store, Julius Pizer, Prop.
The only cheap store with good goods in Lincoln County.

NO. 3496.

First National Bank, NORTH PLATTE, NEB.



Capital, - - - \$50,000.00.
Surplus, - - - \$22,500.00

E. M. F. LEFLANG, Pres't.,
ARTHUR McNAMARA,
Cashier.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

The Almighty Dollar.

Don't pay other people's debts.

DAVIS

Is the ONLY Hardware Man in North Platte that NO ONE OWES. You will always find my price right.

Still Selling

Yours for Business,
A. L. DAVIS.



DEALER IN—
Hardware, Tinware, Stoves,
Sporting Goods, Etc.

Dr. N. McCABE, Prop. J. E. BUSH, Manager.
NORTH PLATTE PHARMACY,
NORTH PLATTE, - NEBRASKA.

WE AIM TO HANDLE THE BEST GRADE OF GOODS,
SELL THEM AT REASONABLE PRICES, AND WARRANT
EVERYTHING AS REPRESENTED.

Orders from the country and along the line of the Union Pacific Railway Solicited.

GUYS PLACE

FINEST SAMPLE ROOM IN NORTH PLATTE
Having refitted our rooms in the finest of style, the public is invited to call and see us, insuring courteous treatment.

Finest Wines, Liquors and Cigars at the Bar.
Our billiard hall is supplied with the best make of tables and competent attendants will supply all your wants.

KEITH'S BLOCK, OPPOSITE THE UNION PACIFIC DEPOT

"SCHOOL-BOY" SPANKED.

ED. TRIBUNE.—Being much interested and edited by the trenchant article signed and, without the suspicion of a shadow of a doubt, written by "Schoolboy," I must, perforce, second the contained thoughts. To be sure—who but an ignoramus performing improper editorial functions could forget, or fail to know, that military discipline is a science. It is the science of murder—not murder itself, of course, perish the suggestion, but that particular science that treats of the most expeditious and economical method of making men into angels. Hence a "very laudable science indeed. Who would not be an angel? Of course there is a certain reluctance in the minds of individuals to become angels on scientific principles or to further the interests of scientific research. But how are we to ascertain the propulsive force of so many grammes of smokeless powder exploded behind a bullet of the latest agony, measured by the human flesh and bone the said bullet can reduce to an unrecognizable mass, unless we have cadets to shoot or be shot by? Science must be encouraged. The science of astronomy treats of the heavenly bodies. Military science teaches how to make heavenly bodies. Both, as "Schoolboy" suggests, are "taught in the highest institutions of learning." How proud, rather than chagrined, we ought to be to know that our boys will be taught these wonderful things. Of course there is not the slightest danger of a war. Foreign nations are not all inclined to meddle with "Uncle Sam." But it is pleasant to feel that, in case of a great strike against the greed of corporate wealth, which would take the last dollar from the hand of toil, our youthful cadets will be called upon to march, with all the studied science of military discipline, again the hungry strikers. How pleasant it will be to them to know that every bullet discharged from their unerring rifles will assuage the hunger of a great many kilograms of humanity, and enable them to most accurately test the scientific principles of military discipline. Of course these small pleasures are not thought of when militia companies are organized. We only consider the grim and awful necessity of wearing gorgeous uniforms with resplendent buttons, and of marching and going through evolutions that will make our muscles stick out like the knots on a scrub oak. But after all there is nothing like muscle and military science.

SECUNDUS.

CUT FROM THE PAY ROLL.

J. H. McConnell, superintendent of motive power of the Union Pacific said this morning that since Jan. 1, 900 men had been let out of the shops along the line of the Union Pacific, a saving in pay roll of \$38,000 per month. He further said that there were 1,600 less men employed in the shops of the system on the first day of January 1895 than in January, 1894, a saving to the company of many thousands of dollars. "But the reduction did not stop with the shops. Train crews have been laid off, section gangs reduced, and wherever a man could be spared he was informed that the condition of the company's finances would not warrant his continuance on the pay roll. On the seventh district alone, between Rawlins and Green River, busiest district on the system during the fall, all the coal from Rock Springs being handled between the points named, twenty-two crews were formerly necessary to do the work. Now, ten crews are all that remain. Every branch of the system has been subjected to the paring knife, but unless the Short Line goes, I imagine we have about reached the end of reductions. Should a separate receiver be appointed for the Short Line it would let out a great many clerks from headquarters, but I am greatly in hopes that the Short Line will remain a part of the Union Pacific.

"I regard the different postponement as favorable to the theory that a separate receiver will not be appointed. It may be also that the postponement has been made with hope that congress will do something toward a funding bill, and I am inclined to believe that some legislation will be accomplished at the present session, although the financial situation seems to concern congress most at this time."—Bee.

GENE D. WRIGHT, of the York water mill, is having a hole bored into the earth 2,000 feet to see if he can't find artesian water. He is down nearly half the way and has gone through three feet of coal and several more of solid rock. The experiment will cost him \$4,000.

County Correspondence.

SOMERSET SWAP SHOTS.

A blizzard of standard proportions struck us last week. Dan Jolliff and C. Tuell are hauling feed from the valley. W. A. Crandall, of Wellfleet, visited at James Jolliff's last Saturday. A. Green was a county seat visitor last Wednesday. Wm. Griffith is spending the time at home now, having been laid off the force in the railroad shops. J. H. Knowles was a North Platte visitor this week. Mrs. McDermott has been quite sick for several days. Mr. McDonald, of Missouri Ridge called on James Jolliff Wednesday. Ed Wilson is putting down a well for L. Kidder. M. H. McDermott has put up his ice.

Lewis Randall, of Hershey, was in these parts last week. Eli Ridgley was recently down from North Platte looking after things on his claim. O. I. C.

Maxwell Melange.

Miss Anna Snyder attended the teachers' meeting at North Platte last Saturday.

Arthur Plumer left Maxwell last Sunday night for Quincy, Ill., where he went to attend business college for a term of three months. During his absence he will be missed by his many friends.

Two young ladies went skating Saturday, and if they didn't go to China before coming back they went a part of the distance, at least; however, they had a good time.

One car load of lumber for the bridge arrived last week, and another is expected to arrive soon. Those anxious for the completion of the bridge felt encouraged by hearing the following item read from the literary paper Saturday night: "The timber for the bridge is in fine growing condition, and will be ready for use next spring."

Eugene Delaney and Frank Martin went to Brady Island Monday. At the last meeting of the literary society the following question was debated: "Resolved that labor saving machinery is and always has been detrimental to the country." It was decided in favor of the affirmative. Many songs were sung and the paper published by Geo. Snyder and Michael McCullough was very much enjoyed. To-morrow evening "Ye Singin' Skule" will favor the audience with a song. CLYDE.

Nichol Nuggets.

This locality has been thronged for some days past with wild geese, and the nimble nimrod, has been getting in his work to perfection.

Rev. Franklin will begin a series of revival meetings in the K. O. T. M. hall at Hershey on Monday evening next week at 7 o'clock, western time. Everybody invited.

The highways are in first class condition, and the farmers who have hauling to do are taking advantage of them by marketing their produce as fast as the weather will permit.

Several from this immediate vicinity attended divine services at Hershey Sunday evening.

A right smart snow storm from the northeast prevailed at this place Thursday.

A few prairie schooners have passed down the line lately.

The revival meetings closed in the Stoddard district last evening. Many conversions are reported.

Several wild geese were captured in this country the first of the week.

Paxton & Hershey are erecting a couple of new dwellings on their land near the Sisson school house. One of them will be occupied by O. H. Eyerly and family. We did not learn who would occupy the other.

A. M. Stoddard has moved the old school house which he recently purchased in that district, down to his farm, where he will convert it into a dwelling.

Since W. K. Miner has closed out his store in Hershey a person would naturally think upon visiting the place that it had passed into the hands of a receiver.

Moslier & Tynan are done hauling corn to the county seat.

The recent cold snap has caused hay to boom and considerable has been hauled out of the valley to different parts of the country lately.

Mr. and Mrs. Randall called on friends over on the south side this week.

Don't forget to attend the "hard times ball" at Hershey to-night. Costumes to be in accordance with the times. A jolly time is anticipated.

WE PAY CASH—100 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR—AND SELL CHEAPER THAN ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY.

RENNIE'S SLAUGHTER SALE—1895.

THE NEW TARIFF

On All Imported Woolen Goods and Silks

IS IN OPERATION JANUARY 1ST.

40 PER CENT OFF!

We must close out our stock of nice, fine goods and make room for our new stock under the new tariff regulations. . . . \$1.75 Silk Henrietta at \$1.10; \$1.50 Silk Henrietta at 85 cts.; \$1.00 French Serges at 65 cts.; all wool 1 1/2 yd. wide \$1.25 Broad Cloth at 75 cts.; 65 ct Flannels, 46 in. wide at 50 cts. . . . In our Shoe department we offer the choicest line in the west. C. D. and E. widths, in fine new goods. . . . Call and see for yourself the Wonderful Bargains at Rennie's for January and February in 1895. . . . Amoskeag Gingham at 5 cts. per yard. Lawrence L.L. Muslin at 4 cts. per yard. Lonsdale Muslin at 6 cts. per yard. at RENNIE'S.

The prospects for a stock store at this place grows brighter as spring approaches.

Rev. Franklin, we understand, expects to have Rev. Randolph, of Sidney to assist him in the revival meetings at Hershey next week.

John Tynan is making arrangements to remove to North Bend sometime this month, where he will farm the coming season.

D. T. Gibson and family will move to their new home in Thayer county the first of next month.

Mrs. Carrie Struthers who came down from Sidney the first of the week reports a foot of snow at that place upon her departure.

B. R. Gibbons is talking of striking out for the Cherokee strip as soon as spring opens up.

Henry Brown expects to make a trip to the ranch in McPherson county in the near future.

Mr. Snow, we understand, is erecting a sod blacksmith shop at Hershey.

We have been told lately that a Campbellite gospel expounder will hold a series of meetings at this place sometime during this month. The Toillions in this locality assembled at the home of John Toillion and wife on Wednesday, where Charles Toillion and wife had been invited to dinner. The affair was a surprise on Mrs. T. it being her birthday. She knew nothing of what was going to occur. A social time is reported.

More cars to be loaded with hay were set in at this station by train 23 Wednesday.

A. M. Stoddard is harvesting ice off the North river.

We have been lately told that J. B. McKee and family will move back to their farm near this city in the spring.

We understand Louis Toillion is manufacturing brooms upon a small scale from broom-corn grown over on the north side.

A telegram was received at this place Saturday forenoon from Mendota, Ill., stating that Adam Barscheid, formerly of this precinct, and well known by a majority of our people, with several others had met with a horrible death by the explosion of a steam-engine in a distillery near that city the day before. The building was badly wrecked. Another telegram was received Monday stating that the debris was rapidly being cleared away but his body had not been found at that time. He was a brother of Miss Anna Barscheid, of North Platte, and of Mrs. Chas. Toillion, of this place. Anna departed immediately for the scene of the disaster, but owing to domestic duties Mrs. T. was unable to go. The bereaved relatives have the sympathies of all their friends.

Albert Moslier recently started for the hub with several chickens, and when on the prairie opposite this station a Leghorn rooster broke loose and started for home at full speed. Al. left his team and gave chase to the bird, which by this time had quite a start, but notwithstanding this, Moslier was not the least discouraged, and pursued his prey with renewed vigor, which he out-winded and captured after a chase of a mile, more or less. Al. was puffing like a steam-engine at the time he picked up the fowl, but regained his wind in a short time and went on his way rejoicing, but fully resolved in his own mind that the next berry of poultry that had to be taken to market the woman would get the job.

BRADY BREEZES.

Miss Hooper, P. C. Cullen, E. A. Johnson and E. L. Mathewson, attended the teachers' meeting at North Platte Saturday. A private telegraph line has been erected between the residences of A. W. Mathewson and J. K. Stockton, and the boys now spend their

spare time in sending messages as to the weather.

It is reported that J. H. Giffin is contemplating a trip to California. J. K. Stockton left Saturday for the eastern part of the state.

Rev. Ebersole is holding a revival on the island this week.

Miss Shade is visiting friends in Gothenburg.

Brady succeeded in "downing" Cottonwood in the joint debate.

The Farmer's Mutual Irrigation company have been pushing their work right along and the cold weather has not hindered them materially. The company works with scrapers, and has not expended over \$8 so far on machinery. They have excavated a mile of ditch southwest from the U. P. tracks and feel confident of being able to turn water into the ditch before May 1. Had the ground been full of moisture the cold weather would have prevented the winter work. The money they save in machinery they feel that they can better afford to put into bridges etc.—Kearney Hub.

IRRIGATION NOTES.

J. F. Monson of Sedgewick county, Colo. in the Irrigation Age, thus gives his experience with windmill irrigation: "During the extreme drought of three years ago an idea struck me to construct a reservoir and use windmills and pumps to fill it. I selected the only suitable place on the farm to build the reservoir, which was sandy or rather gravelly, and it was necessary to build it of stone and cement it inside. It was made 80 feet in diameter with 5 1/2 feet walls banked up all around on the outside. I dug two wells as near the reservoir as possible. I had to go 20 feet for water, so erected two 21-foot windmills. One of them operates a 4-inch double acting cylinder and throws a 2-inch steady stream; the other mill operates a 4-inch single acting cylinder which does not pump so much as the other. With this arrangement I can irrigate about ten acres of land. I have raised garden stuff, mostly onions, celery, potatoes, and have begun to plant fruit trees and small fruit and it has thus far paid fairly well on the investment considering my experience in irrigation. I feel thoroughly satisfied that with experience and good attendance it will be a paying investment."

The great drought of 1894 has increased the interest felt in this question in Kansas, Nebraska and other trans-Missouri regions. Professor Georgeson of the Kansas experiment station gives very high praise to the Red Kafir corn as a substitute for corn in central Kansas. This is one of the many nonsaccharine sorghums. He gives it the preference over others of the class, such as the White Kafir, Millo maize, Jerusalem corn, etc. At the College farm at Manhattan, in northern Kansas; this variety has given larger yields of both seed and stalks than has corn. In a favorable year a crop of 71 bushels of seed and nine tons of dry fodder were harvested per acre. In this extremely dry year, where corn failed almost entirely, this Red Kafir sorghum gave a yield of over three tons of dry fodder. The seeds are small and should be ground before being fed. If this is done, Professor Georgeson thinks them equal to corn as food for farm animals. The stalks have more leaves than do corn, and also have the peculiarity of having the leaves remain green after the seed has matured. It is recommended to plant in rows about three feet apart with the stalks from 4 to 8 inches apart and to cultivate as with corn. It ripens at Manhattan about Oct. 1.

The legislative committee of the Kansas Irrigation association met at Topeka recently and formulated the following bill, and directed its subcommittee to have it introduced at the next session of the legislature: "Be it enacted by the legislature of the state of Kansas: That the sum of \$10,000 be appropriated out of any funds not otherwise appropriated for the unexpired balance of the year ending June 30, 1895, and the sum of \$45,000 for the year ending June 30, 1896, and \$15,000 for the year ending June 30, 1897, to be expended by the state board of agriculture in behalf of developing the irrigation interests of the state by the collection and dissemination of information and in making any surveys, practical tests and experiments which may be judiciously undertaken by said board provided that none of said money shall be expended in the purchase of land."

The total number of men who served in the union army during the war is placed by carefully revised figures at 2,128,948. The deaths in battle were 67,058, from wounds 43,012, and from disease 224,586, leaving to be mustered out 1,794,292. The number alive a year and a half ago was reported at 1,209,968. Probably not more than half the vast army that preserved an undivided country are now alive.

GRAIN.

Write T. P. Gordon, St. Joseph, Mo., for prices on all kinds of Grain and ship him your Live Stock.



PRaise, ONLY,
FROM ALL WHO USE
**AYER'S
Hair Vigor**

"Ayer's preparations are too well known to need any commendation from me; but I feel compelled to state, for the benefit of others, that six years ago, I lost nearly half of my hair, and what was left turned gray. After using Ayer's Hair Vigor several months, my hair began to grow again, and with the natural color restored. I recommend it to all my friends."—Mrs. E. FRANKHAUSEN, box 305, Station C, Los Angeles, Cal.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.